





# Mid-year population estimates uses the latest available data on

- Fertility
- Mortality
- Migration

to estimate the size of the population of South Africa.





# South Africa's

population, mid-2019 is

58,78 million



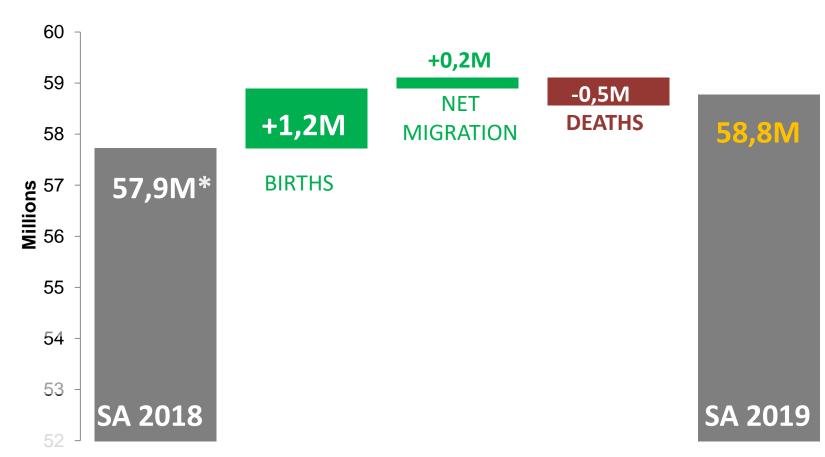
Source: Mid-year population estimates 2019





## Births are the main driver of population growth in South Africa.

Impact of births, deaths and migration on population, 2019



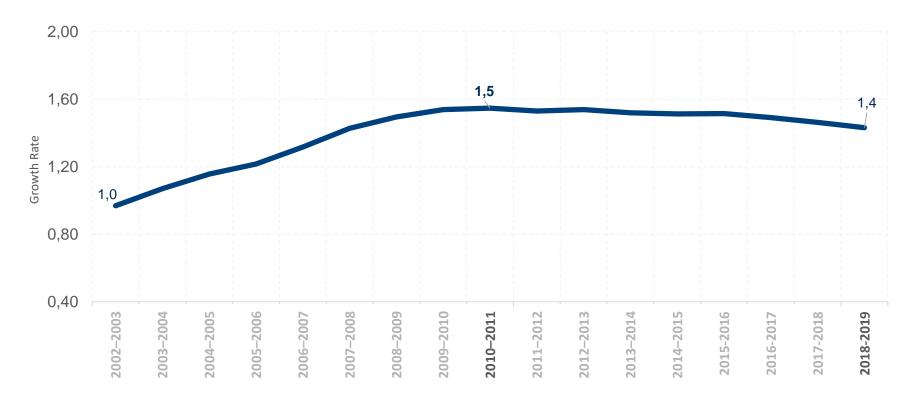






# The rate of growth for the SA population peaked in 2010/11 and has steadily declined since that point.

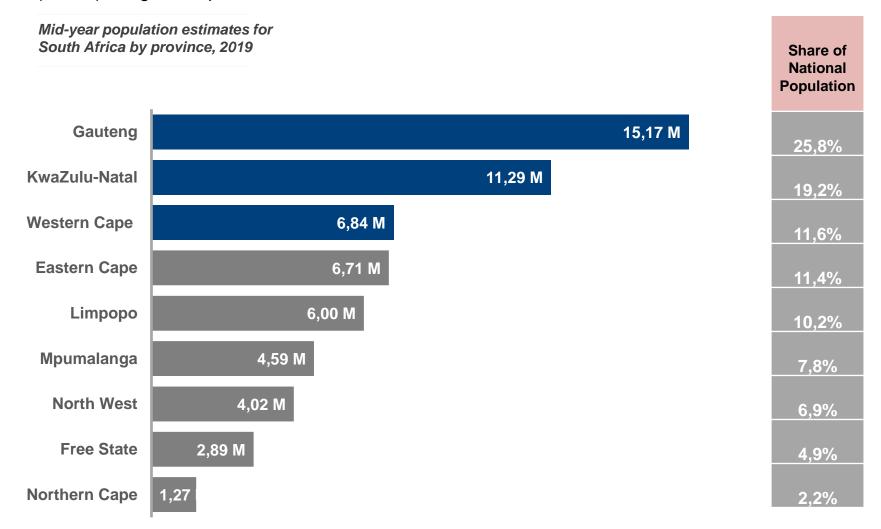
Population growth rate over time, 2002-2019







# More than half the population live in 3 provinces (Gauteng, KwaZulu- Natal and Western Cape). GP remains SA's most populated province with approximately 15,2 million people (25,8%) living in this province.

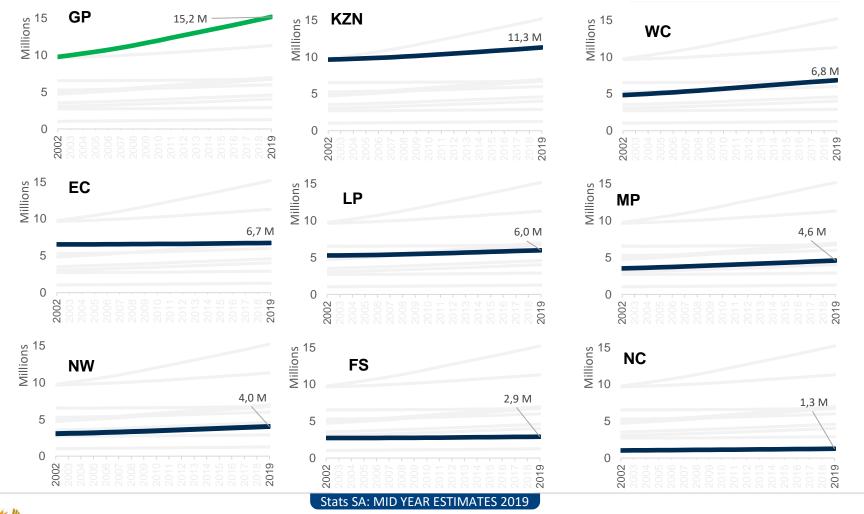






GP has shown the greatest increase in population numbers, largely due to both interprovincial and international migration. KwaZulu-Natal is the province with the second largest population, with an estimated 11,3 million people.

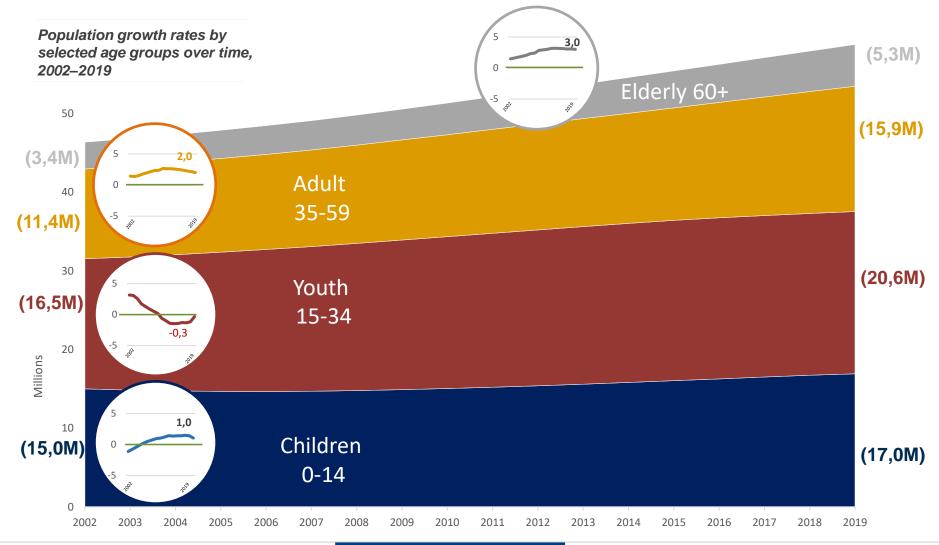
Mid-year population estimates for South Africa by province, 2019







# The estimated overall growth rate increased from approximately 1,0% for the period 2002–2003 to 1,4% for the period 2018–2019. The proportion of the elderly in SA is increasing

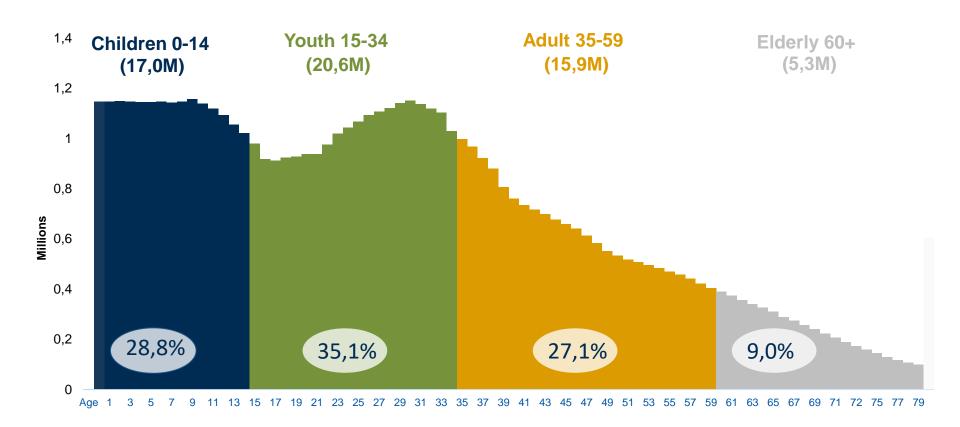






# Around 17 million are children (0-14 years), making up close to a third of SA's total population.

Population age structure by single years, 2019



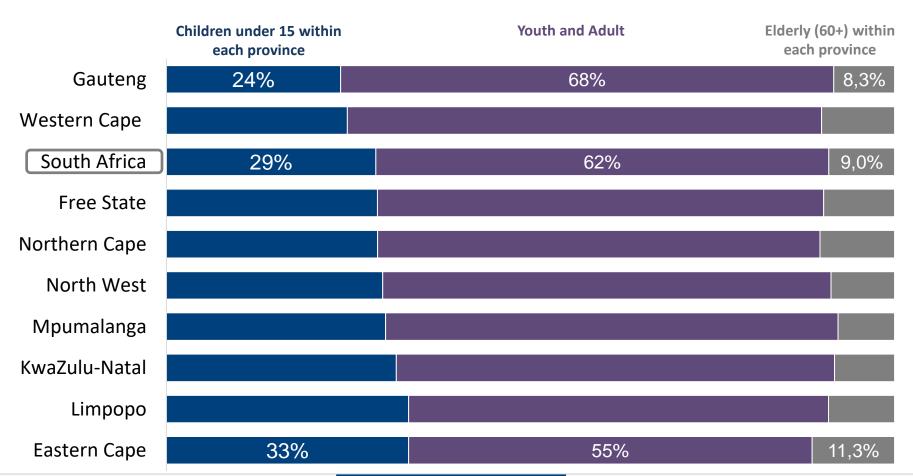




#### EC has both the highest child and elderly population proportions.

Approximately 33% are 15 years or under

Population by age category and province, 2019

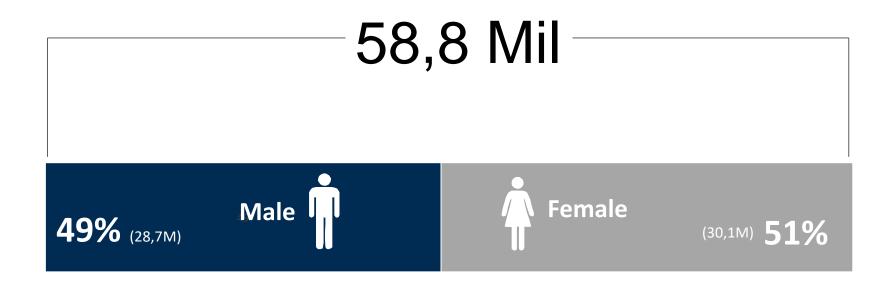






#### There are more females than males in South Africa in 2019

South Africa's population, mid-2019



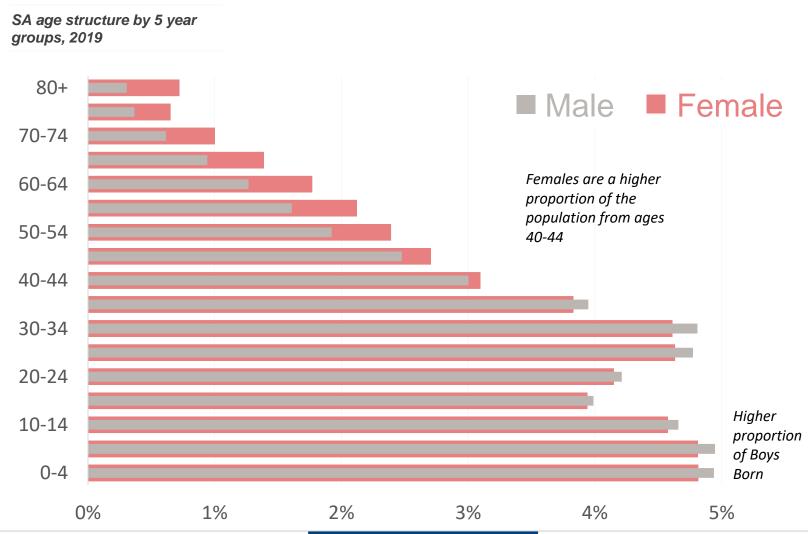
\*Percentages have been rounded to the nearest percentage point





### At older age groups there are more females than males.

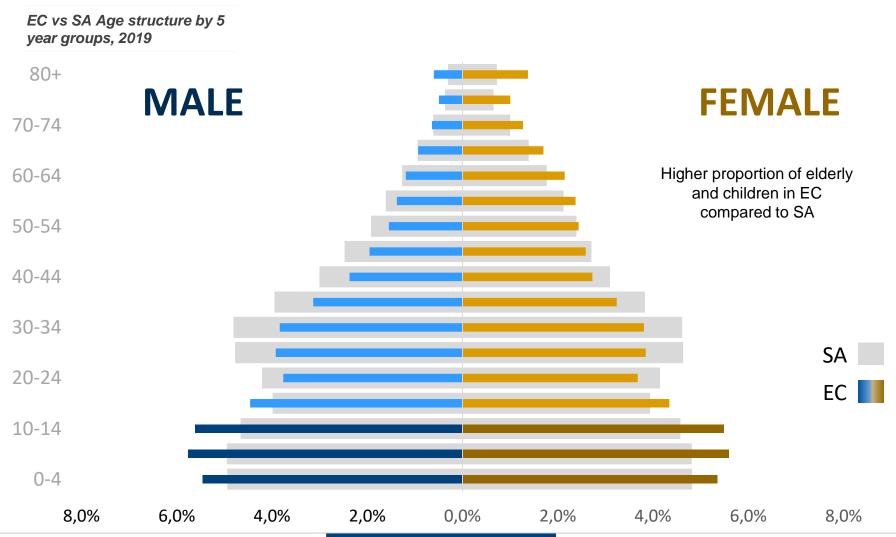
Approximately 8,5% are 60 years and older.







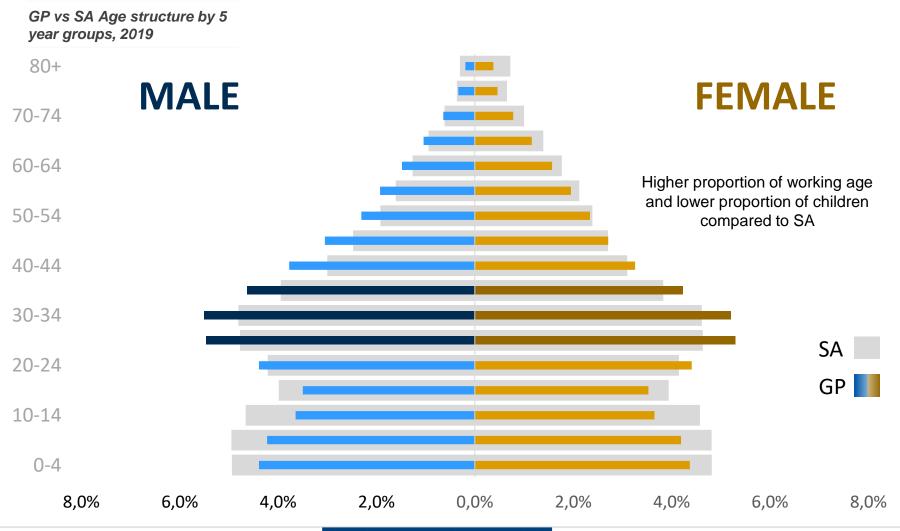
# EC has a higher proportion of elderly and children when compared to the national population structure. Men are in higher proportion up to age 65.







# Compared to the South African average, GP has a higher proportion of adults aged 25-39.



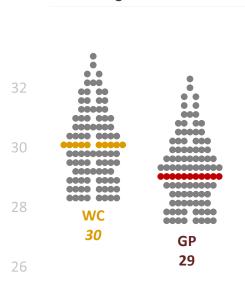


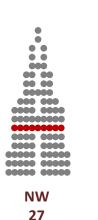


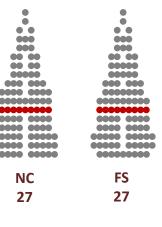
## The median ages for LP and EC differ significantly to those of GP and WC

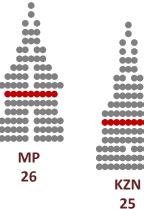
Provinces by age structure and median age

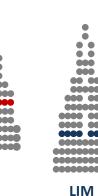




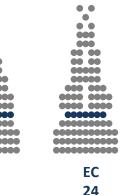








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The median South African age is 27

20

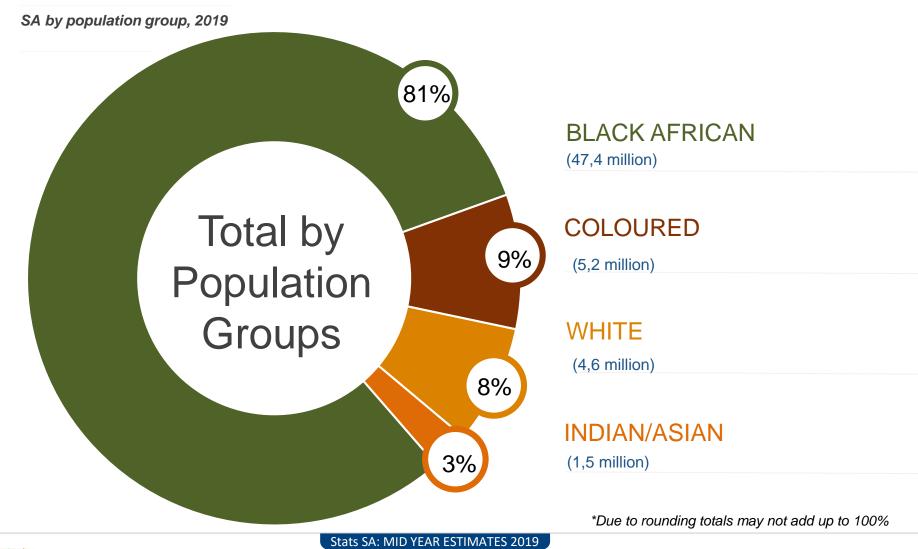
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Stats SA: MID YEAR ESTIMATES 2019



# The black African population is in the majority and constitutes approximately 81% of the total South African population.

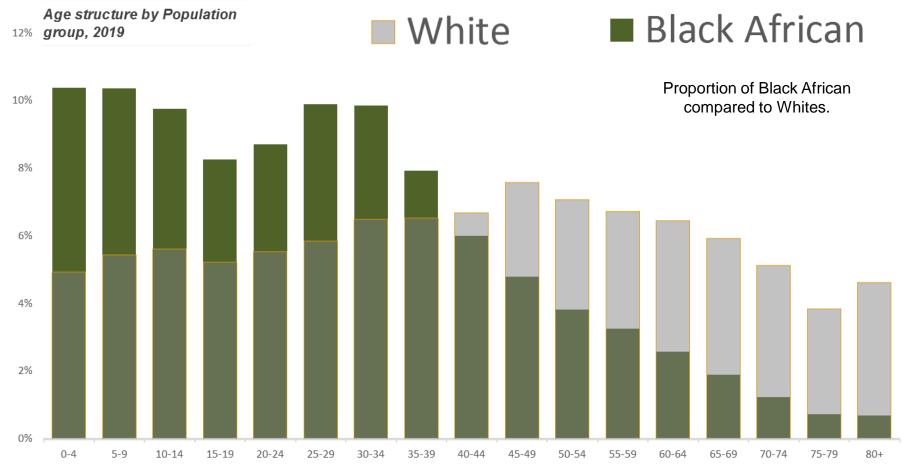






# There are pronounced differences between population groups in South Africa. The black

African population structure is more youthful compared to that of the white population. Population structures are driven by fertility, mortality and migration.

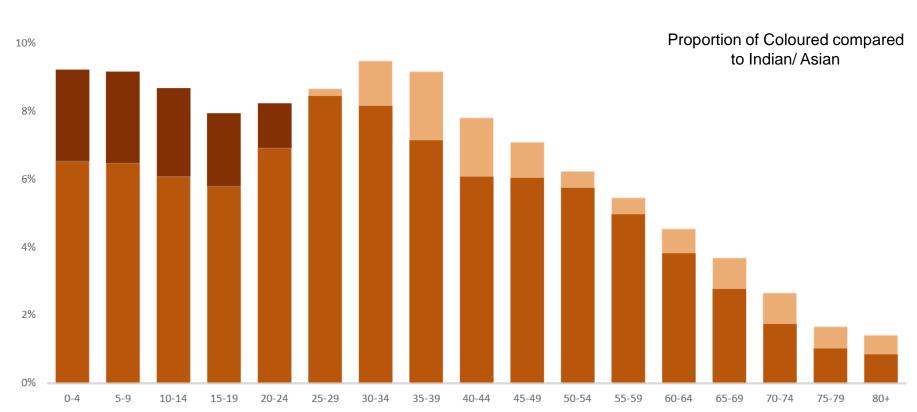






There are pronounced differences between population groups in South Africa. Fertility levels are lower amongst Indian/Asians compared to the Coloured population. Population structures are driven by fertility, mortality and migration.

Age structure by Population group, 2019 Indian/Asian Coloured













# On average, a woman will give birth to 2,32 children in her lifetime

\* Provided that current fertility behaviour prevails

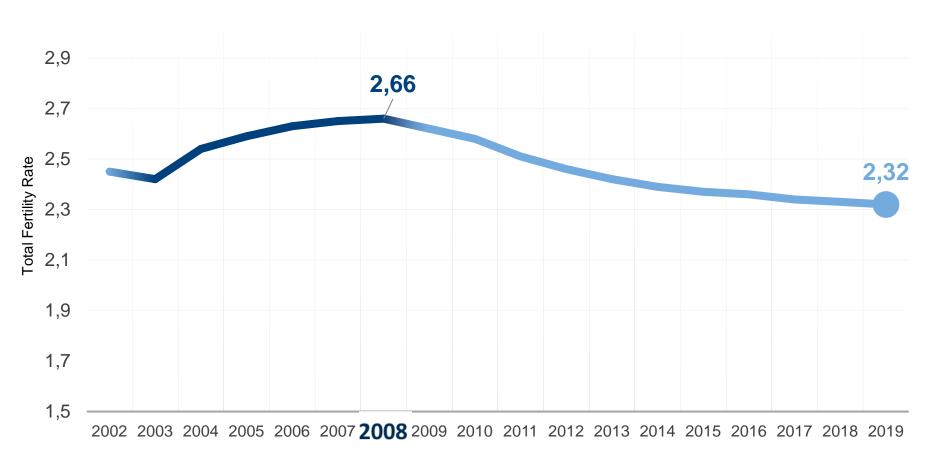






## The total fertility rate peaked in 2008 at 2,66 and is declining, reaching 2,32 in 2019.

Total Fertility Rate, 2002-2019

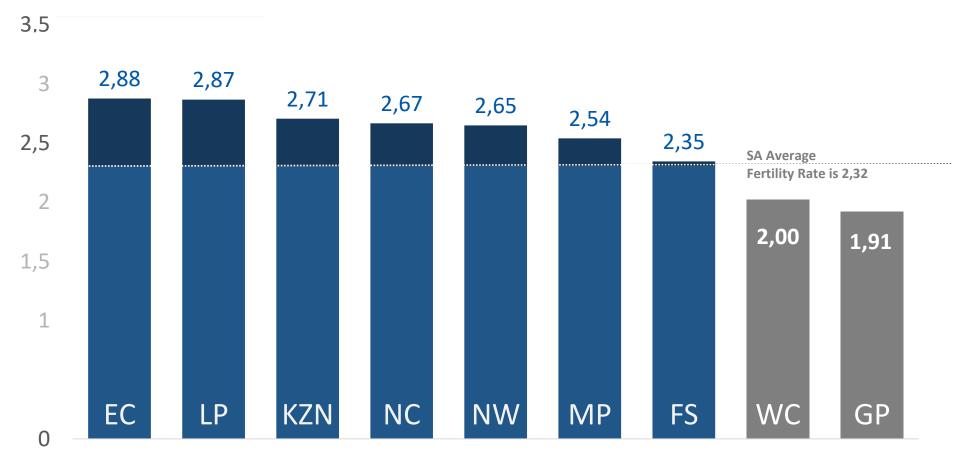






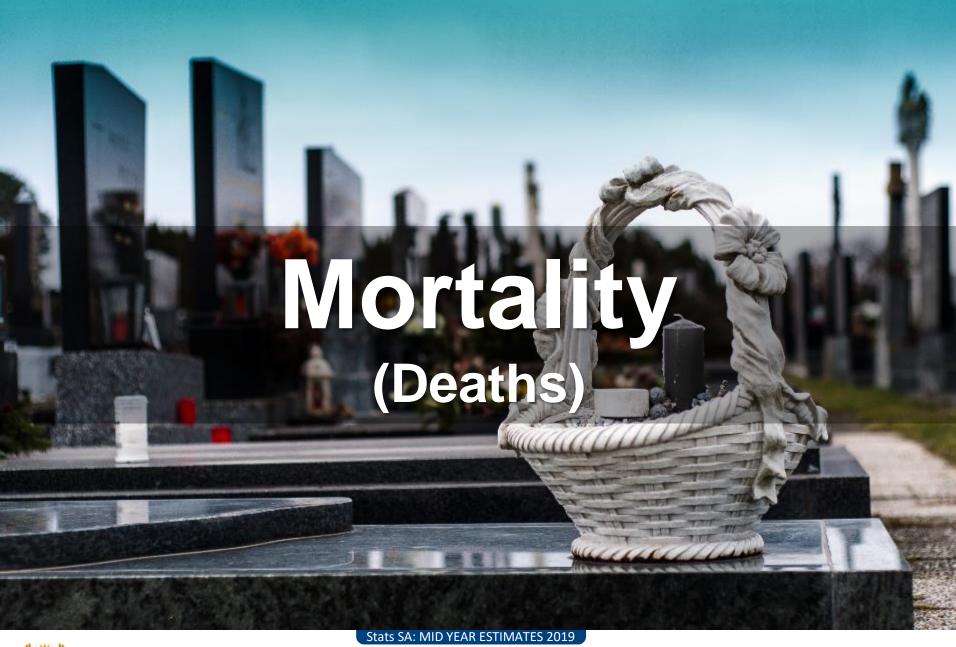
# More urbanised provinces of WC and GP have lower fertility rates than the South African average of 2,32.

Total Fertility Rate, by Province







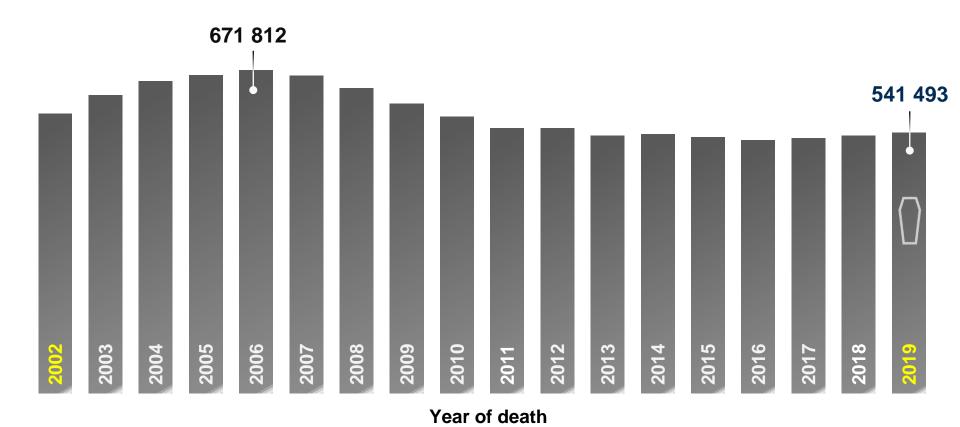






## Deaths peak in 2006, thereafter decreasing to the current value of 541 493 in 2019. The highest number of deaths was estimated for the period 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2007.

Total number of deaths estimated over time, 2002-2019

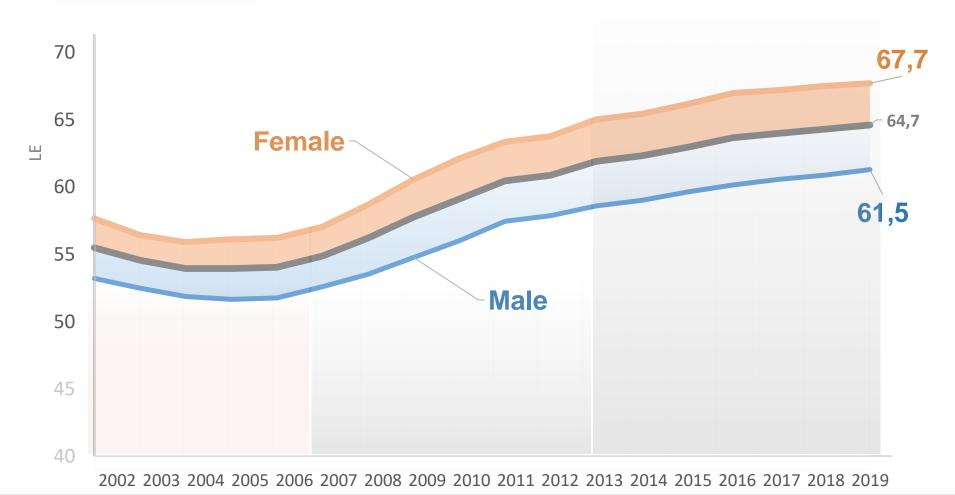






Life expectancy (LE) has been increasing since 2007. Besides biological differences, the variance in LE between males and females can also be attributed to a variety of social and behavioural dynamics.

Life expectancy by sex over time, 2002-2019



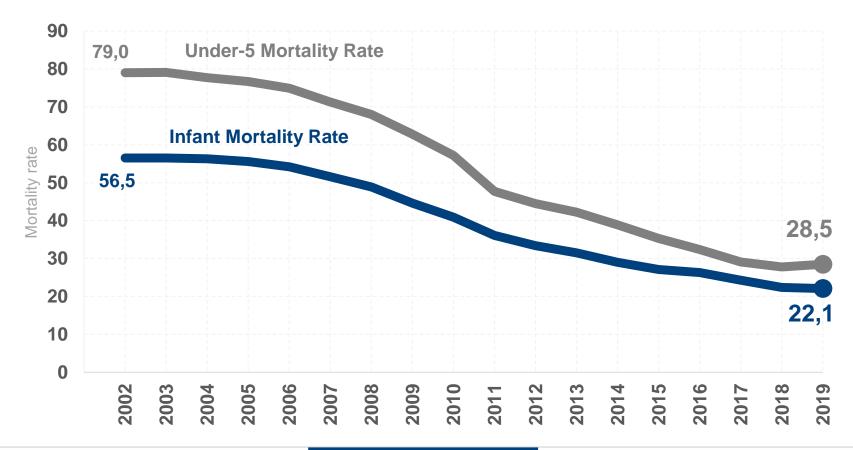
Stats SA: MID YEAR ESTIMATES 2019





## Infant and under-five mortality rates in SA continue to decline.

IMR and U5MR per 1000 live births over time, 2002-2019

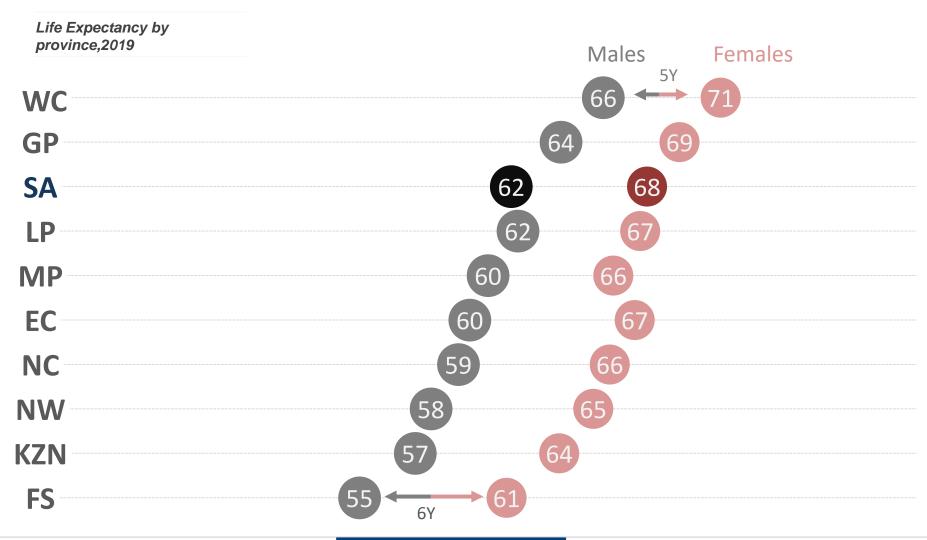






## There is an average 6 year gap in life expectancy between males and females in SA.

Free State has a significantly lower life expectancy than the SA average





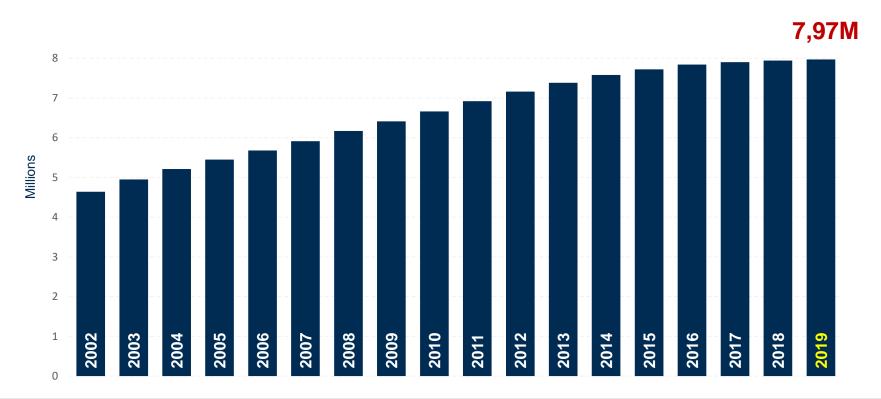


### The total number of people living with HIV is estimated at 7,97 million in 2019.

Improved access and uptake of ARVs in SA has enabled HIV positive people to lead healthier lives and live longer.

Number of people living with HIV, 2002-2019 (millions)





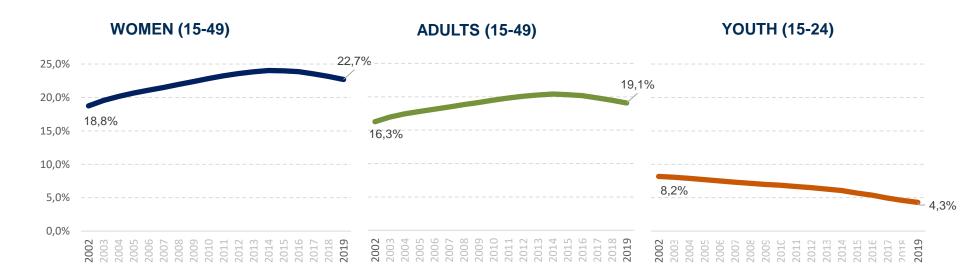




Over time HIV prevalence amongst adults aged 15-49 increased substantially with lack of treatment. Given increased levels of treatment, prevalence rates are now declining. HIV prevalence among youth aged 15-24 has shown a steady decline.

Prevalence of persons living with HIV, 2002 - 2019







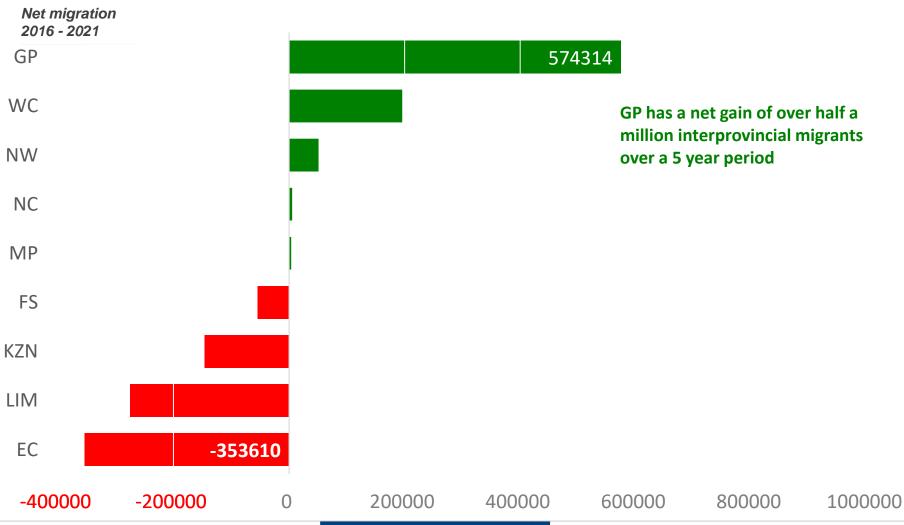








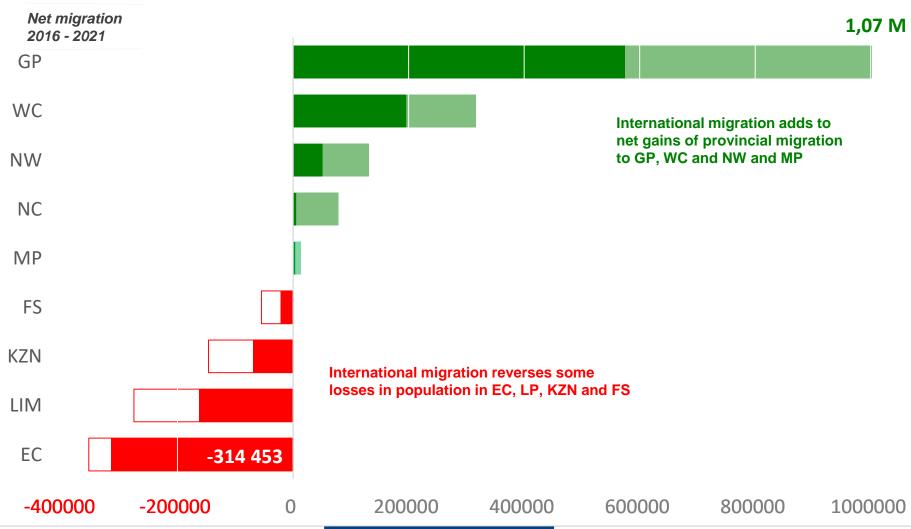
# Net Migration (Excluding Outside SA) shows that GP and WC receive the highest net migrants







# Net migration (including outside SA) shows GP receiving around 50% of all international migration into SA

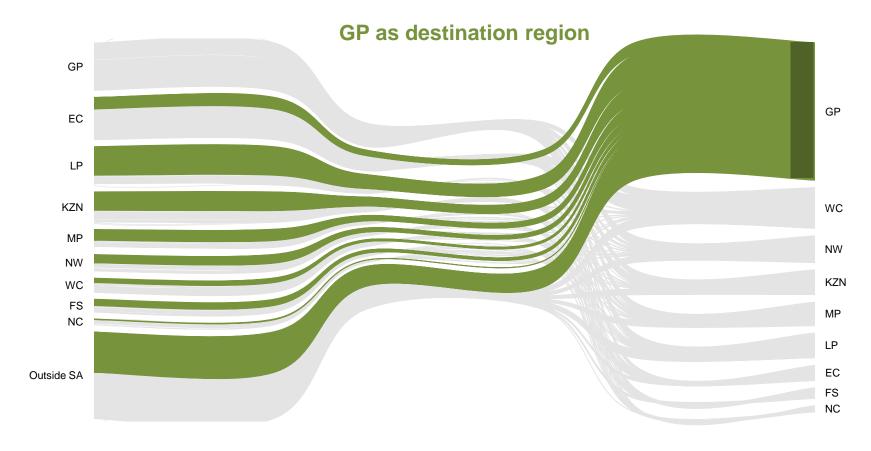






# Gauteng received the highest number of in-migrants for the period 2016 to 2021. The economic strength of Gauteng influences its attractiveness to migrants

Net migration 2016-2021 GP as a destination region



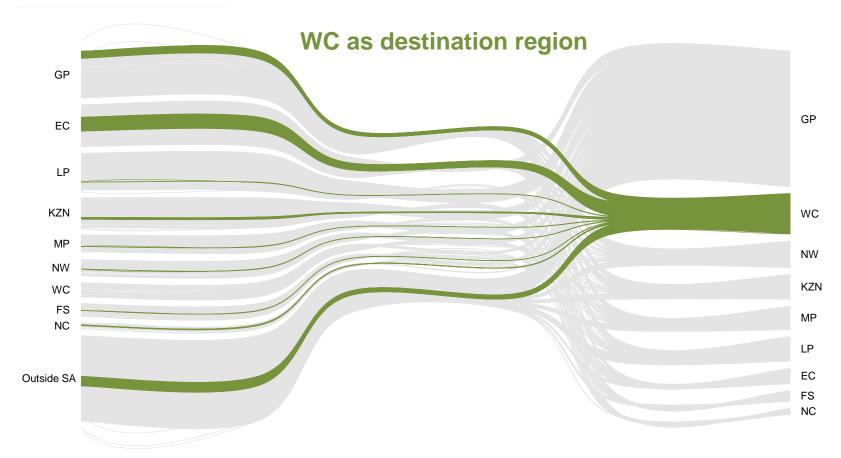




## Western Cape received the second highest number of in-migrants for period 2016

**to 2021.** Opportunities of employment, study and quality of life play an important role amongst the push pull factors between EC and WC

Net migration 2016-2021 WC as a destination region







## **RECAP**

For 2019, Statistics
South Africa (Stats SA)
estimates the mid-year
population at

Gauteng comprises the largest share of the South African population Total life expectancy at birth for 2019 for SA is estimated at

Estimated overall HIV prevalence is 13,1% among the SA population

**58,78** Million

15,17
Million
people in GP

64,7
SA Life
Expectancy

7,97
Million people estimated to be living with HIV





# Ndzi hela kwala!



